

**Financial Statements** 

Lymphoma Canada

December 31, 2023

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## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Directors of Lymphoma Canada

#### **Qualified opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Lymphoma Canada (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statements of revenue and expenses, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the *Basis for qualified opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Basis for qualified opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from contributions and fundraising from the public the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to contributions and fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, current assets as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and net assets as at January 1 and December 31 for both the 2023 and 2022 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

## Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mississauga, Canada May 1, 2024 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Lymphoma Canada Statement of Financial Position		
December 31	2023	2022
Assets Current		
Cash Short-term investments (Note 3) Amounts receivable Sales tax recoverable Inventory Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,406,572 \$ 193,029 \$ 56,792 \$ 12,870 \$ 7,617 \$ 20,954	\$ 1,351,918 162,790 22,251 10,130 8,965 15,306
	1,697,834	1,571,360
Long-term investments (Note 3) Capital assets and intangible assets (Note 4)	104,750 <u>85</u>	65,713 4,012
	104,835	69,725
	\$ 1,802,669	\$ 1,641,085
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 95,782
Deferred revenue (Note 5) Deferred lease inducement	84,424 <u>5,527</u>	125,078 6,937
	156,538	227,797
Net assets Unrestricted Internally restricted operating reserve (Note 2)	1,214,731 431,400	1,413,288 <u>-</u>
	1,646,131	1,413,288
	\$ 1,802,669	\$ 1,641,085
Lease commitment (Note 9)		
On behalf of the Board of Directors		
Director	Robert Michon.	Director

Lymphoma Canada	
Statement of Revenue and Expense	S

Year ended December 31		2023		2022
Revenue				
Educational grants from corporations	\$	720,627	\$	742,500
Contributions and fundraising	Ψ	358,596	Ψ	417,083
Interest and miscellaneous		45,939		13,943
Bequest		5,000		35,000
Government grant		4,822		4,641
Other income		-		140
	_	1,134,984		1,213,307
Expenses (Schedule 1)				
Program				
HCP & patient education		234,699		212,173
Patient support		144,841		134,974
Research		64,902		66,669
Advocacy	_	38,337	_	29,330
	_	482,779	_	443,146
Fundraising		230,532		210,466
Operations		188,830		185,143
		419,362		395,609
	_	713,302		333,003
	_	902,141	_	838,755
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	232,843	\$	374,552

## Lymphoma Canada Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year ended December 31

	U	nrestricted	Internally restricted operating reserve	Total 2023		Total 2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,413,288	\$ -	\$ 1,413,288	\$	1,038,736
Excess of revenue over expenses		232,843	-	232,843		374,552
Internally restricted operating reserve	_	(431,400)	431,400		_	
Balance, end of year	\$	1,214,731	\$ 431,400	\$ 1,646,131	\$	1,413,288

Lymphoma Canada Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31	2023		2022
Increase (decrease) in cash	2023		2022
morease (acorease) in easin			
Operating Excess of revenue over expenses Item not affecting cash	\$ 232,843	\$	374,552
Amortization of capital and intangible assets	 3,927		7,840
	236,770		382,392
Change in non-cash working capital items  Amounts receivable	(34,541)		23,571
Sales tax recoverable	(2,740)		2,254
Inventory	1,348		1,830
Prepaid expenses	(5,648)		(755)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(29,195)		4,965
Deferred revenue	(40,654)		(42,974)
Deferred lease inducement	 (1,410)	_	(792)
	123,930		370,491
Investing			
Purchase of investments (net)	(69,276)	_	(101,486)
Increase in cash	54,654		269,005
Cash			
Beginning of year	 1,351,918	_	1,082,913
End of year	\$ 1,406,572	\$	1,351,918

December 31, 2023

#### 1. Nature of operations

Lymphoma Canada (the "Organization") was incorporated without share capital on February 6, 1998, by Letters Patent under the Canadian Corporations Act and continued under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act on October 17, 2013. The Organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. The Organization's mission is to empower patients and the lymphoma community through education, support, advocacy, and research.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies used are as follows:

#### Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions and grants. Unrestricted contributions and grants are recognized when received or receivable and collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue from fundraising is recognized when received or receivable and collectability is reasonably assured. Interest income is recognized as earned. Designated contributions and grants are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. All other revenue is recognized as earned.

#### Inventory

Inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

#### Capital assets and intangible assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost and are being amortized over the estimated useful life. The annual amortization rates and methods are as follows:

Furniture and fixtures 5 years Straight-line Leasehold improvements 5 years Straight-line Computer equipment 45% Declining balance

Intangible assets are recorded at cost and are being amortized over the estimated useful life. The annual amortization rate and method is as follows:

Website software and applications 3 years Straight-line

#### Impairment of long-lived assets

Capital and intangible assets are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset might be impaired. The assets are tested for impairment by comparing the net carrying value to its fair value or replacement cost. If the asset's fair value or replacement cost is determined to be less than its net carrying value, the resulting impairment is reported in the statement of revenue and expenses. Any impairment recognized is not reversed.

December 31, 2023

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Lease benefit

During 2021, the Organization entered into a new lease agreement. The lease benefit includes a rent free period near the beginning of the lease. The lease benefit has been deferred and will be amortized and recognized as a reduction of rent expense over the term of the lease. The Organization recognizes the related rental expense on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease and records the difference between amounts charged to operations and amounts paid as deferred lease benefit.

#### Internally restricted operating reserve

The Board designated an internally restricted operating reserve to set aside six months of operating expenses.

#### Donated gifts and services

Donated services are not recognized in these financial statements due to the difficulty in determining their fair value. Donated gifts were received during the year but are not recognized in the financial statements.

Included in contributions on the statement of revenue and expenses and changes in net assets is \$13,139 (2022 - \$19,417) in donated shares.

#### **Financial instruments**

The Organization considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument, except in limited circumstances. The Organization's financial instruments consists of cash, short-term investments, amounts receivable, sales tax recoverable and accounts payable.

Financial assets and financial liabilities in related party transactions are initially measured at cost, with the exception of certain instruments which are initially measured at fair value.

The Organization subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost. For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization regularly assesses whether there are any indications of impairment. Any impairment loss is recognized in the statement of revenue and expenses.

The Organization removes financial liabilities, or a portion thereof, when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Allocation of expenses

Certain employees perform a combination of program, fundraising and administrative roles and as a result, salaries are allocated according to time spent on the activity. Other costs including rent, IT support, amortization and telephone are allocated based on the level of activity between program, fundraising and administrative costs.

December 31, 2023

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to estimates and assumptions include the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, amortization of capital assets and intangible assets and the allocation of expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. Investments

Short-term investments consist of Guaranteed Investment Certificates (GICs) bearing interest at 2.70% to 5.60%, maturing March 2024 to December 2024 (2022 - bearing interest at 1.00% to 4.75%, maturing February to December 2023).

Long-term investments consist of a GIC bearing interest at 5.10%, maturing October 2025 (2022 - bearing interest at 3.50% in Year 1 and 4.60% in Year 2, maturing December 2024).

#### 4. Capital assets and intangible assets

				_	2023	_	2022
		Cost	 cumulated nortization	_	Net Book Value		Net Book Value
Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements Computer equipment	\$	18,093 9,887 15,188	\$ 18,093 9,887 15,103	\$	- - 85	\$	- - 155
Website software and		43,168	43,083		85		155
applications	_	145,210	 145,210	_			3,857
	\$	188,378	\$ 188,293	\$	85	\$	4,012

#### 5. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue includes designated contributions to be recognized as revenue in the accounts when disbursed.

December 31, 2023

#### 5. Deferred revenue (continued)

	_	2023	 2022
Deferred revenue, beginning of year Amounts received during the year Amounts recognized as revenue during the year	\$ 	125,078 95,225 (135,879)	\$ 168,052 155,026 (198,000)
	<u>\$</u>	84,424	\$ 125,078

#### 6. Allocation of expenses

The following are direct and allocated expenses which are included in the statement of revenue and expenses:

		Direct expenses	Allocated expenses	 2023	2022
HCP & patient education	\$	89,683	\$ 145,016	\$ 234,699	\$ 212,173
Patient support		7,055	137,786	144,841	134,974
Research		50,033	14,869	64,902	66,669
Advocacy		6,531	31,806	38,337	29,330
Fundraising		78,582	151,950	230,532	210,466
Operations	_	70,436	 118,394	188,830	 185,143
	\$	302,320	\$ 599,821	\$ 902,141	\$ 838,755

#### 7. Research awards

The following research awards were paid during the year:

	_	2023	 2022
University Health Network BC Cancer Research Centre	\$ 	25,000 25,000	\$ 25,000 25,000
	<u>\$</u>	50,000	\$ 50,000

#### 8. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments. The risks that arise from financial instruments include credit, liquidity, and interest rate risk. There have been no changes in the financial risks from the prior year.

December 31, 2023

#### 8. Financial instruments (continued)

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a transaction will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. This risk is mitigated by the Organization ensuring revenue is derived from qualified sources. There is no allowance for doubtful accounts in relation to the Organization's amounts receivable balances reflected in these financial statements.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization cannot repay its obligations when they become due to its creditors. The Organization reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments become due. Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances owing in the amount of \$NiI (2022 – \$NiI).

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is subject to interest rate risk on their fixed income investments.

#### 9. Lease commitment

The Organization has a rental agreement for its office premises with a term that expires on May 31, 2026.

Future minimum lease payments are approximately as follows:

2024 2025 2026	\$ 59,400 60,000 25,000
	\$ 144,400

Lymphoma Canada Schedule of Detailed Expenses			S	schedule 1
Year ended December 31		2023		2022
HCP & patient education Education patient Education – HCP Amortization Conference	\$	227,013 5,493 1,543 650	\$	202,627 6,461 3,085
	\$	234,699	\$	212,173
Patient support Program support Amortization	\$	143,299 1,542	\$	131,889 3,085
	\$	144,841	\$	134,974
Research Grant awards (Note 7) Program support Amortization	\$	50,000 14,825 77	\$	50,000 16,515 154
	<u>\$</u>	64,902	\$	66,669
Advocacy Program support Amortization	<b>\$</b>	38,028 309	\$	28,712 618
	\$	38,337	\$	29,330
Fundraising Salaries and benefits Sales and events Bank charges Corporate donations Amortization	\$	124,051 101,400 3,170 1,526 385	\$	106,612 97,193 3,195 2,695 771
	\$	230,532	\$	210,466
Operations Salaries and benefits Rent, insurance and office supplies Web site support and development - operations Professional and consulting fees Storage Board Advertising Amortization	\$ 	102,847 38,056 22,724 20,272 4,132 375 353 71	\$ \$	101,324 45,088 16,574 14,935 4,032 - 3,063 127